

Thursday Morning, Dec. 5, 1887.

TO ADVERTISERS.

Transient Advertisements must be paid for in advance on insertion.

TO AGENTS.

Settlements of accounts will be required monthly, or the supply of papers will be discontinued. The daily and weekly issues will be furnished at the lowest cash rates and no exception will be made in future to this rule.

NANAIMO AGENCY.

Mr H. W. Alexander is no longer authorized to act as Agent of this paper at Nanaimo. Our business at that place will in future be conducted by Mr S. D. LEVY, who is alone empowered to receipt for subscriptions, &c.

Popular Education.

At a time when it is more than probable that the doors of the Free Schools must soon be closed, in consequence of the refusal of the Government to extend them that aid which the Council voted, and to which they have an indisputable right, the following extract from the London *Christian World* is exceedingly appropos. From what is there stated, favorable expectations are formed of the legislation by the Reformed Parliament upon the matter of Free Education, in which it is undeniable England is lamentably deficient and far behind Continental countries. How sad a thing it is to reflect that, while we are preparing for a retrogressive step, the mother country is daily increasing the educational advantages of her masses:

"It is satisfactory to see in how many different ways the subject of National Education is forcing itself upon the attention of the Legislature and the country. Now that the people are about to take an important share in the Government, the question of their fitness for the discharge of the trust committed to them naturally arises, and the consciousness of past neglect, and of the perils to which it may expose the nation, gives additional intensity to the desire to repair the deficiencies whose existence all parties must confess. There was the insolent arrogance of intellectual pride, as well as the exaggeration of vehement partisanship, in Mr Lowe's bitter taunt; but it has awakened an echo in the hearts of many who, while they thoroughly disapprove of the spirit in which it was uttered, are constrained to admit that it points to the first duty of patriotism in our times. Without entering into the discussion of statistical disputes, or attempting to form an exact estimate of the educational requirements of the country, we may at least take it for granted that very much needs to be done before England comes up to the standard of Continental nations or of her own descendants in America. No doubt there will be some to tell us that a man's education is not all carried on in the school-room, and that the Englishman, uncultured though he be, is far superior to the people who, if they have more book-learning, have less independence and less good sense. But this argument is only a specimen of our 'Philistine' self conceit, and if it were true than it is, would really prove nothing unless the man who employs it is prepared to show that a better style of education would deprive our fellow citizens of those high qualities which we are so fond of attributing to them. The fact is, and the more speedily and more frankly we realize it the better, the condition of great masses of our people is an utter disgrace to our civilization, and one of the greatest blots upon our system of free government. It is true that nowhere has the voluntary zeal of individuals, prompted by religious and philanthropic motives, done so much; but nowhere has the action of the Government done so little. The highest credit that can be claimed for the Legislature is that it has encouraged private benevolence; but the efforts of it is but a poor apology for faults and shortcomings which have left us, so far as a large portion of the population is concerned, with all our wealth and freedom, our ancient scholastic foundations, and our vast resources, one of the worst-educated people in Europe. Looking at the present system of grants for the purpose of education, we see very little on which we can congratulate ourselves. It is costly, it is inefficient, it is to a large extent exclusive. It carries on the face of it all the faults arising from our foolish dislike of system on the one hand, and our intense sectarianism on the other."

The East Coast Steamer Again.

EDITOR COLONIST:—Allow me to add to my letter of last week a few facts in illustration of the position I then maintained. Before the steamer Sir Jas. Douglas was put on this present service, Governor Kennedy visited all the settlements on the east coast. He conversed freely with the settlers and acquainted himself thoroughly with their interests. He was surprised and gratified to find, after what he had before heard to the contrary, the great extent of land adapted to agricultural and stock-feeding purposes. He remarked of Cowichan alone, "that there was land enough there to feed fifty thousand people." And he lamented that such districts should be destitute of direct communication with the Victoria market. The important question of building a wagon-road was mooted, but the great expense of doing this stood in the way. Yet it was seen to be indispensable that some means should be provided for sending produce regularly to the market, and of thus benefiting the settlements, and at the same time keeping the money in the Colony, which we had been wont to send to our neighbors. The steamer Douglas was therefore put on and subsidised as a mail steamer. The consequence was,

as Mr Smith in his letter of Tuesday morning truly remarks, these settlements made "renewed and vigorous efforts, displaying wonderful and praiseworthy energy," so that during the past year foreign butter has been nearly shut out of the market—the supply of bacon at one part of season was beyond the demand—hundreds of hogs have been shut up for slaughter. From Botterell's, farm and others at Cowichan, and from Stafford's farm at Chemainus, beef cattle have been supplied of a quality that would have compared favorably with those of our richest grazing districts in the old country. Potatoes and other vegetables have been in constant supply, while I am informed on good authority that no foreign grain has been imported since the last harvest. These facts, Mr Editor, speak for themselves. The settlements are in a thriving condition, and, as Mr Smith observes, "it does seem hard that the hopes of the hardy fellows who have settled in the wilderness should ruthlessly be dashed to the ground just when things are beginning to brighten." On the mainland they have splendid roads to their ample prairies, but here we have not at present even a trail to drive a bullock over, for the old trail over the mountains is blocked by fallen timber and broken down bridges. The question really is, shall the Colony go ahead or not? We may talk hopefully of Confederation and other schemes; but we may depend that if the line of policy which we deprecate is followed, no other change will brighten the future of our beautiful Isle. The expense of the boat has been dwelt upon; but what is this in comparison with the good she is doing to the Colony in general in stimulating the development of our natural resources? There are expenses which might with advantage be reduced, I refer to the California Mail Subsidy. We can now send letters to England every week via Port Townsend, on the Sir James Douglas, and, by giving proper attention to the subject, (which we hope will be done when the Council again meets) the letter bags from England might be brought to the above named port, whence the steamer Douglas might fetch them and thus save \$600 or 700 per mail, a considerable item in these times. Only let us make our policy a little in keeping with the beauty of our country and the fertility of our soil and we shall become a Colony in which any right-minded man might wish to dwell.

JNO. C. DAVIE. M.R. O. S., &c.

Supreme Court.

[Before His Lordship Chief Justice Needham]

Hamley vs. Baranovitch—This case came on for trial on Tuesday, and was terminated yesterday by a verdict in favor of the defendant.

Mr King and Mr Walkem, instructed by Mr Peakes, for the plaintiff; Mr McCreight, instructed by Messrs Drake & Jackson, for the defendant.

The action was brought to recover a penalty of £100 for smuggling goods in British Columbia at Metlakathla, the beginning of the month of March last. The defence rested on two grounds: first, that the defendant did not commit the offence charged; secondly, that if he had done so it would have been no offence, as the goods were brought from Victoria, at that time united to British Columbia, and that no duties were legally chargeable on goods going from one part of British Columbia to the other. The evidence on behalf of the Crown was confined to depositions of an informant and two Indians, which were read to the Court. After a discussion between the Counsel as to the admissibility of this evidence, no proof having been brought that the witnesses were out of the jurisdiction, the Judge decided to admit the evidence. The evidence for the defence was the deposition of a man who had been called for the Crown when the case came up in the Police Court to the effect that the defendant did not stop at Metlakathla at all, but this witness the Crown did not think proper to call. The defendant himself was then put into the box, and after he had given some immaterial facts, the Counsel for the plaintiff objected to the reception of his testimony, as this was in the nature of a criminal prosecution; the learned Judge thereupon rejected his testimony. Other evidence was then called by the defendant, that Monovich, the informant, had threatened to do the defendant an injury before he went up on the last trip; and also Metlakathla witnesses called to prove that Sika, and that a vessel would have to be sent out of its way to reach there.

The learned Counsel for the defendant made a very able address to the jury, and pointed out the flimsy evidence brought forward for the prosecution, saying that if Metlakathla was out of the jurisdiction it must be out of the jurisdiction for the purpose of an offence against Customs law; he dwelt on the absurdity of collecting two sets of duties after the union, pointing out most forcibly the injustice that such a proposition would inflict on all the commercial community, and that the Legislative Council themselves saw the impropriety of it when they passed the act, in March, to render the previous exactions legal, and concluded by showing that the proceedings of the Collector of Customs were very harsh in having seized the schooner belonging to the defendant, some months ago, and kept him from earning his bread.

The Judge summed up the whole case in favor of the plaintiff, and gave it as his opinion that the collection of double duties was contemplated by the act of Union, and told the jury that if they found that the goods had been landed at Metlakathla, then that the defendant was liable.

The jury did not leave the box, and found a verdict for the defendant on all counts, expressing their opinion that the collection of double duties was unjustifiable. A question was raised by the Counsel for the plaintiff as to the propriety of the Judge certifying that there was good cause for the plaintiff bringing his action in order to avoid the necessity of paying damages to the defendant. This was reserved for further argument.

NEW WINTER FASHIONS—Received by last steamer at VICTORIA HOUSE, direct from Paris the Latest Novelties in Ladies' Trimmed Bonnets and Hats, Girls' and Infants' Hats and Bonnets, Genoa Velvets, Bismarck and other new Silks, Flowers and Feathers, Kid Gloves, Black and Colored Velvet Ribbons, &c., &c.

An efficient French Milliner has also just arrived from Paris to assist in the Millinery Department.

By Electric Telegraph

DELAYED DESPATCHES.

California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 21.—Advice by the Great Republic report that Stanger, late defaulting manager of the San Francisco Sugar Refinery, upon his arrival in China, represented himself as the manager and agent of the refinery. The merchants gave a grand banquet to him and treated him with the utmost consideration. He played his opportunity for all it was worth, chartered two vessels to load with sugar at Manila for the Refinery, discharged their agent in China and appointed a new one, and finally drew drafts upon San Francisco to the amount of six thousand dollars, and got them cashed. He undoubtedly absconded again before intelligence of his rascality reached China.

The customhouse authorities have seized a large quantity of opium, on board the Great Republic, which the Chinese passengers had attempted to smuggle into this country. The drug was packed into small tin boxes and secreted within the staves of tubs.

Two hundred cases of absinthe, shipped from France on the Girondo, and two hundred cases imported on the Resolve, have been seized for violation of the revenue law. It is charged that the packages contain less than thirty gallons, the capacity prescribed by law.

The P. M. S. S. Co. are making arrangements to erect one of the new fog whistles on Point Bonita, north of Fort Point.

Last evening, as the ferry steamer Washoe was coming over from Oakland, and was within a short distance of the landing, she was run into by the barkentine Monitor, which was sailing up the harbor. The night was very dark, and it is stated that the Monitor had no lights displayed, so that the officers of the Washoe did not perceive her till it was too late to stop the vessel or change her course so as to avoid a collision. The Washoe was struck aft on the starboard side, the pilot house carried away by the Monitor's bowsprit, the wheel house stove in and the after edge of the hurricane deck considerably broken up. The officers of the Washoe say that the steamer whistle announcing her approach had just been blown. One man was injured, named J. R. Botsford, a compositor in the Times office, whose family reside at Oakland Point. He was struck by a spar, or some other part of the Monitor's rigging, while standing on the hurricane deck of the Washoe. Mr. Botsford received a severe wound on the top of his head, and the skull is thought to be fractured.

The interest excited by the Fontainebleau murder does not diminish, and its morbid manifestations surpass those witnessed in England at the time of Maria Manning's crime. The chronicler of the *Liberte* says that "The Parisians swarm upon the Franchard road, in the forest of Fontainebleau. It is estimated that more than fifty thousand persons have profited by the exceptional temperature of the first days of this week to perform a pilgrimage, a la fourchette, to the restaurant recommended by the *Gazette des Tribunaux* in that neighborhood are sold photographs of the umbrella, the gloves, and the fan of the victim. I addressed one of the guides, who, since the trial, are earning the salary of a sub-prefect, 'Can you point out to me the place where the body of the woman Mertens was found?' 'Oh! sir, it has been engaged by a party of visitors for a rural breakfast.' And, truly enough, a party of gentlemen and ladies were seated in a circle on the grass around the sinister spot. A meat pie had just been opened on the very spot where the head of the unhappy woman was eaten by the maggots. The guide assured me that one of the greatest pleasures of these excursionists was, after their dessert, to get a lady of the party to stretch herself out in the position and on the exact points of ground on which the body was found lying; they cover her face with a parasol; they place around her the gloves, a fan, a handkerchief, and they perform the scene of the discovery, failing that of the murder. It is very new, very ingenious, and very amusing. At the Hotel de Paris I asked to see the rooms that had been occupied by the adventuresses. 'Impossible,' replied the waiter. 'The laureates of two of the principle ladies' schools in Paris have come to dine in those rooms with their parents after the distribution of the prizes.'

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS—Vexation avoided.—This Ointment is the most powerful agent for the healing of wounds, old ulcers, indolent sores, and all strumous diseases of the skin, which from local or constitutional causes, have hitherto resisted all ordinary modes of treatment. Holloway's Ointment, rubbed upon the abdomen, and aided by a judicious course of his Pills, acts miraculously on the digestion, and obviates all those obstructions in the mesenteric glands, which by the palor, attenuation, and gradually increasing weakness of the sufferer. The combined effect of Ointment and Pills are irresistible in all long-continued diseases, which ever produce derangement of the digestion, circulation, and glandular system. Holloway's remedies are suitable for all ages and conditions, for all climates and constitutions.

Many Voices from California.

"My experience satisfies me that Bristol's Sarsaparilla and Pills are the best and only remedies for Scrofula."—S. P. HARRIS, Santa Clara.

"Bristol's Sarsaparilla has cured me of Rheumatism after every thing else had failed."

P. KELLY, Sonora.

"From the first time in years I am free of sores and eruptions. I used 9 bottles of Bristol's Sarsaparilla and 6 of Pills."

J. S. JONES, Petaluma, 609.

FLORAL INCENSE!

The fragrance of fresh flowers is agreeable and pleasant to even the most fastidious; and in the genuine MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER we have this floral fragrance in all its refreshing purity and strength. Delicate persons and invalids are greatly soothed and benefited by its use.

As there are worthless counterfeits buyers should always ask for the Florida Water prepared by LANMAN & KOMP, New York.

The best Remedy for Purifying the Blood,

strengthening the Nervous System, and the Lost Appetite. FRESSE'S HAMBURG TEA. It is the best preservative against almost any sickness, used timely. Composed of herbs only, it can be given safely to infants. Full directions in English, French, Spanish, and German, with every package. TRY IT! For sale at all the wholesale and retail drug stores and groceries.

EMIL FRESSE, Wholesale Druggist, Sole Agent, 410 Clay St., San Francisco, 73

New Advertisements.

Royal Hospital Benefit.

PERSONS HAVING CLAIMS ON account of the above Benefit are requested to send in the same to the Club Room, Rooming Inn, on Thursday, 4th inst., before three o'clock, p.m. By order, W. WALLACE, Hon. Secretary. Victoria Amateur Dramatic Club, 3d December, 1887. 405



COUNTY COURT.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT a County Court, will be held before the Honorable Joseph Needham, Chief Justice, on MONDAY, the 16th day of December, A.D. 1887, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the Court House, James' Bay, Victoria. By order, RICHARD WOODS, Acting Registrar. Registrar's Office, 4th December, 1887. 406

NEW STORE,

Corner of Fort & Government Streets, VICTORIA, V.I.

HEBBARD & McTIERNAN, DEALERS IN

Second-hand Furniture

FARMER'S PRODUCE.

Goods brought and sold on commission. Consignments respectfully solicited. 407

WANTED

A GOOD BLACKSMITH. Apply to E. STAMP, Government street. 408

Bark Mercara, from Liverpool. NEITHER THE CAPTAIN NOR the undersigned, Cognizance of the above vessel, will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew without their written order. JANION, GREEN & RHODES. 409

Bark Mercara. CONSIGNEES BY THE ABOVE vessel are requested to call at the office of the undersigned, receive orders and pay freight for their goods. The vessel will commence discharging on Wednesday Morning, the 4th inst. All goods left on the wharf after 4 o'clock p.m. will be stored at the risk and expense of owner. 410 JANION, GREEN & RHODES.

NOTICE

STRAYED A WHITE AND RED COW, DILLY, with crumpled horns and a good many wrinkles on same; has been taken possession of while trespassing. The owner can have same by paying damages and other expenses. J. G. NORRIS, General Agent, Govt. street 411

Pro Bono Publico.

THE LARGEST! THE FATEST! THE BEST! Oysters in town are served up by LEVY, At the Arcade Oyster Rooms. 412

Protectionists, Attention!

HEWWOOD'S NEW ISLAND-CURED HAMs, with the Prestige of Island Eggs, are to be had, at any hour of the day or night, at the

ARCADE OYSTER & COFFEE ROOMS 413 Make no mistake in the house. The two-story brick, fifth door from Johnson, on Government street. 413

Cheap Meat! Cheap Meat! AT THE—

PANDORA MARKET, GOVERNMENT STREET.

GEORGE MANUEL

HAVING OPENED the above Market, is prepared to sell Meats of the best quality

Cheaper than any other Shop in Victoria

Beef 12½ to 15 cents per lb. Mutton 12½ to 15 cents per lb. Other Meats in proportion.

NAVY MESSES

FAMILIES, HOTELS AND SHIPPING WERE CARRIED THE BEST OF MEATS, AND DELIVERED CAREFULLY. 414

Grand Book Raffle!

AT THE BOOMERANG INN.

THIS RAFFLE CONSISTS OF Seven Prizes!

1. LADIES' TREES AND SHRUBS OF GREAT BRITAIN, a most valuable work to the horticulturist, profusely illustrated, 8 volumes \$31 50
2. KNIGHTS' PICTORIAL HISTORY OF ENGLAND. No Library can be considered complete without this important work, 8 volumes 31 50
3. BURKE'S PEEAGE AND BARONETAGE OF GREAT BRITAIN, 1 volume 12 50
4. BURKE'S ORDERS OF KNIGHTHOOD and Decorations of Honor, 1 volume 12 50
5. BURKE'S LANDED GENTRY OF Great Britain and Ireland, 1 volume 12 50
6. BURKE'S AUTHORIZED ARMS OF the Landed Gentry, 1 volume 10 50
7. SIR E. BELCHER'S VOYAGE IN SEARCH OF SAN FRANCISCO, 1852-53-54, with colored illustrations, 2 volumes 10 50

125 SHARES, AT ONE DOLLAR EACH.

The day of Fate. members, who are invited to buy and examine the Books.

LD. LOWENBERG.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Government street, near corner of Brown

WILL PAY PARTICULAR ATTENTION to selling, purchasing and leasing property in connection with Real Estate business.

May of all the different Districts on the Island may be seen at his office. Parties desirous of purchasing land, or making investments, will find on his Bulletin Board 100 lots on newly every street; Farm and Gardening Land in every District, some of which afford a rare chance for investment.

Money on bond and mortgage - loan, loans to suit the borrower.

Conveyances of every description done at reasonable rates.

WANTED, ONE HUNDRED CORDS OF FIREWOOD at the Victoria Mills. Apply at our office, foot of Johnson street, next to the City.

GOWEN, LUNDBOM & Co; 415

New Advertiser

To Visitors from California, Oregon, the Sound, &c.

AT VICTORIA HOUSE,

CORNER OF FORT AND DOUGLAS STREETS,

VICTORIA, V.I.,

Will always be found a Large and Choice Assortment of

Dress Goods, Mantles, Millinery, Flowers, Laces, &c

At very Moderate Prices, and of the Latest Styles, the Goods being imported from Europe by Express Monthly.

The usual Assortment of Staple Goods, such as:

White & Printed Calicos, Flannels, Linens, Blankets, Ticking, &c., &c.,

Also on Hand in Great Variety.

Wm. DENNY, Manager:

BEST CLOTHING STORE, OPPOSITE POST OFFICE,

W. WILSON'S.

CLOTHING

—AND—

UNDERCLOTHING

BEST VALUE, BEST QUALITY, LARGEST ASSORTMENT RECEIVED LAST STEAMER.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

MESSRS FELL & CO.

Beg to inform their friends and the public in general that they have taken the Store lately occupied by Messrs WILSON & MURRAY, into which they have removed.

They take this opportunity of thanking their old customers for their liberal support, and to solicit that of those who have dealt with Messrs WILSON & MURRAY, assuring them that every effort will be made (by keeping an assortment of all the choicest articles that can be obtained) to rival the best Groceries on the Pacific coast, and to prove themselves worthy of patronage.

All Goods, whether for the Royal Navy, at Esquimaux, or any part of the City or Suburbs, will be promptly delivered FREE OF COST.

An abundant supply of

FRESH EGGS AND BUTTER

received every week from the outlying districts.

FELL & COMPANY,

Tea, Coffee and Spice Merchants and General Grocers,

FORT STREET.

no7

LONDON HOUSE,

Government Street, 1887.

WE HAVE JUST OPENED a Splendid Stock of Goods for the

FALL & WINTER TRADE,

Comprising all the

LATEST STYLES

—IN—

DRESS GOODS,

SKIRTS,

SHAWLS,

MANTLES,

MILLINERY,

TRIMMING

LACE GOODS,

UNDERCLOTHING,

BABY LINEN,

CLOTH,

FANCY GOODS.

The very best makes of

Flannels, Calicoes, Sheet-

ings, Linens, Hosiery,

Gloves and General Drapery Goods.

J. H. Turner & Co.,

VICTORIA.

J. P. TUNSTALL & Co.,

London. 416

TO BE LET OR SOLD,

THE FARM AT SOUTH SAATCHI

is now for sale by Mr H. Sturges, being 1 E. 6, 7, 8, 9, and the Eastern half of 1 E. and 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 213, 214, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 222, 223, 224, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 2

"It is more blessed to give than to receive." The response of the citizens of Victoria to the demand made upon them by afflicted humanity on Tuesday evening furnishes renewed evidence, if any were wanting, of their noble-heartedness. The voice of suffering never falls upon unwilling ears in this city. The response is always spontaneous and munificent; and not alone to the audiences which have from time to time contributed of their means towards the support of meritorious institutions in our midst, are the sick and afflicted of our fellow-beings under a lifelong obligation; but they will, if they possess a proper feeling of gratitude, award a tribute of praise to the ladies and gentlemen comprising the Amateur Dramatic Club, to whom, more than to any other individuals, class or association public or private, is the Colony indebted for the maintenance of the Royal Hospital. Through all the vicissitudes of colonial life, in times of depression as well as in times of prosperity, the gratuitous services of the Club have ever been at the command of good and worthy objects of charity. We honor the members for their goodness of heart. Their perseverance in well-doing has won for them an imperishable renown. The entertainment on Tuesday evening consisted of the comedy of "David Copperfield," and the farce of "High Life Below Stairs." We assume that everyone has read Dickens' novel of David Copperfield; if we be wrong in our assumption, then we advise our readers to do so at once—there is a great treat in store for them. The plot of the farce is this: Mr. Lovel (Mr. L. Franklin) and Mr. Freeman (Mr. Godfrey Brown) are supposed to be bachelors of fortune in London who maintain expensive establishments and large retinues of servants. Lovel, a good, easy soul, places implicit confidence in the integrity of all his servants—especially in that of his butler Philip (Mr. J. S. Drummond)—with this exception of Tom (Mr. S. Farwell,) who he regards as a sanctimonious, sneaking hypocrite. Lovel receives an anonymous letter advising him that he is being deceived, wronged and robbed by his underlings. He consults with Freeman and agrees to announce an intention of taking a run into Devonshire, in the meantime enjoining upon Philip the strictest economy in the management of the household. No sooner is his master's back turned, however, than the virtuous Philip issues cards of invitation to the servants of the neighboring gentry to attend a dinner at his master's house and, of course, at his master's expense. Of all Lovel's servants, Tom, in whom he has the least confidence, alone declines to take part in the festivities. While the preparations for this "blow out" are in progress, Freeman appears at Lovel's house with Lovel disguised as a Yorkshire lout, who, he informs Philip, he was asked by Lovel to introduce to him and request that he should be initiated into the mysteries and miseries of a household servant. Philip introduces the supposed lout to Kitty (Mrs. Jenny Arnot Fowles) and after the pair have had a hearty laugh at his droll appearance they proceed to indoctrinate him with their own peculiar vices, teaching him to lie, advising him to steal, etc. The grand dinner came off the same evening. An amusing feature in the farce is that the servants are addressed by the names or titles of their masters; for instance—Mr. Clark, who personates the valet of a Duke, is known as "His Grace the Duke's Mr. Callingham, who takes the part of a baronet's favorite servant, as "Sir 'Arry"; Miss Yeoman as "Lady Charlotte," and Miss Von Allman as "Lady Bab," etc., while Philip adopts the less pretentious title of "Mister Lovel." The table is spread in the dining-room and the lout instructed to wait upon the guests, in which capacity he has the extreme satisfaction (?) of seeing his servants and their guests making free with his Imperial Tokay and rich Old Burgundy. In the midst of the revelry the Yorkshireman disappears and presently a thundering knock is heard at the door. After considerable delay, which is employed by the *bon vivants* in clearing the table and setting the room to rights, the door is opened and Lovel, in his usual attire, accompanied by his friend Freeman, enters with a pistol in each hand, apparently the worse for liquor. He demands the cause of the delay in opening the door; an apparently satisfactory explanation is furnished by Philip, and, in his drunken hilarity, Lovel bets Freeman that he can put a ball through the keyhole of the pantry. In this pantry the guests have concealed themselves, and just as Lovel takes aim the door is thrown open and out rushes the inmates. An *expose* follows. His Grace the Duke is ignominiously expelled the house; Sir 'Arry, having been discovered in the act

of carrying off the plate, is handed over to a policeman; Lady Bab and Lady Charlotte are shown to the door, and Philip and Kitty are dismissed on the spot, while Tom is called in and rewarded for his fidelity with the position just vacated by Philip. The farce was entertaining and amusing throughout and was played in a faultless manner, the audience frequently evincing the great interest and delight they experienced as the performance progressed. In the comedy Mr Clarke appeared as Wilkins Micawber, and when we say that he did full fall justice to the extraordinary character created by the graphic pen of England's great novelist, we can say no more in his praise. It is the highest compliment we can pay the talented gentleman. The *role* is a most difficult one, and yet it was rendered with a faithfulness and an unctious that drew roars of laughter from the immense audience. In "High Life below Stairs" Mr Clarke was equally successful. In the comedy Mr Brown took the part of Urich Heep and did exceedingly well. His "make up" was tip-top, his Umlity unmistakable, and his contortions sufficiently eellike to disgust the plain spoken Betsy Trotwood. Mr Cullingham played Clara Peggotty admirably. A love scene between Clara and Barkis (Mr B. P. Griffin) where the latter avows that he is "willin'" and as a proof of his affection, presents his sweetress with a young shoat, was capitally rendered; but it was as Sir 'Arry in the farce that Mr Cullingham shone in his best light. His humour in that *role* was irresistible. Mr Franklin's rendition of the characters of Lovel and the Yorkshireman cannot be too highly commended. The transition from genteel to low comedy was so sudden and marked we could scarcely realize that the same person was representing parts so diametrically opposite. Mr Franklin has cause for self gratulation in the very great success he achieved on Tuesday evening. As Agnes, Miss Fowles displayed great ability; but as Kitty she was magnificent. The airs of an upper servant were admirably put on, and the scene wherein she defies the scrupulous Tom to tell their master of the "goings on" of his servants, was one of the best we have beheld that lady in. The "Minuet de la Cour" between Kitty and Sir 'Arry was greatly admired. Miss Yeoman, as Mrs Micawber and Lady Charlotte, fully justified the opinion we formed of her ability upon her first appearance. With close application and careful study, she will become distinguished as an actress. Her song in "High Life" was deservedly applauded. Miss Von Allman as Emily looked anything but the unsophisticated country girl she personated. She was dressed rather too much—or, perhaps we should say, was not dressed enough—for the character. Had she thrown a light shawl over her dress and pinned it closely about her neck she would have approached more nearly a correct conception of the *role*. As Lady Bab's maid, however, Miss Von Allman redeemed the laurels she lost in the comedy. She was very correct and deserves praise and encouragement. Mr B. P. Griffin's representation of Mr Dick with the kite was a capital piece of acting; but in the comedy both Mr Dick and Barkis are almost nonentities—they appear in but one scene and then only for a few moments. It is a matter of surprise to us that so meritorious an *amateur* as Mr Griffin was not cast for more difficult parts than those assigned him at the two last performances. Mr Keast, as David Copperfield, scarcely threw sufficient energy into the part; but he was in other respects very correct and seemed to rely more upon his own memory than upon the assistance of the prompter. Mrs Marsh, as Betsy Trotwood, looked and acted the character of a sour yet good-hearted old maid admirably, and we almost imagined that the original of the character was before us. Mr R. G. Marsh's Peggotty was delivered in that gentleman's best style; and his interview with the long lost Emily was very affecting and very life like. Mr Drummond, in the character of Philip, and Mr J. Barnett, as Mr Wickfield, were sometimes stiff and formal when they should have been the reverse, but they nevertheless acquitted themselves well. Messrs George Marsh, Tenniel, Farwell and Plummer are deserving of favorable mention. The orchestra, which was under the efficient direction of Mr Digby Palmer, gave entire satisfaction, and the curtain was rung down at 11½ o'clock amid the warm plaudits of a delighted audience.

THE FIRE which destroyed Mr Leneveu's house was caused by the carelessness of a servant, who had been employed to air the house. The servant built fires in the rooms and went away. At 12 o'clock smoke was observed, by a gentleman passing to issue from the house. Finding the interior of the building in flames he despatched a messenger to the Truck House who rang the bell. The firemen turned out and ran to the corner of Humboldt and Douglas streets where, not being able to discover the fire, the engines turned back. The Hook and Ladder Company continued on and reached the spot some time in advance of the engine companies, who had housed their apparatus before the flames shot upward in a pillar of fire and illumined the country for miles around. The DeLuge engine drew water from a well in Mr A. J. Langley's premises and supplied the Tiger engine, which, in turn, played a stream upon the burning building, while the Hook and Ladder Company assisted in tearing down the frame. Great complaint was heard of the conduct of the spectators, who, instead of assisting the firemen, really obstructed their operations by congregating in front of the burning premises. The Chief Engineer has extraordinary powers in a case of this kind, which he should exercise on future occasions. The fine building was burned clean to the ground. There was fortunately no furniture in the premises, it having been the intention of Mr O'Reilly to remove into the house yesterday. The building was insured.

THE COUNTY COURT—Chief Justice Needham will hold a County Court on Monday next, commencing at 11 a.m.

THE RACES—The hurdle races at Beacon Hill yesterday, notwithstanding the unpleasantness of the weather, passed with great *eclat*, reflecting much credit on the managers. Everybody seemed well pleased, and even the unsuccessful competitors speak highly of the conductors of the course. Several ladies gave their attendance, the rain failing to dampen their equestrian ardor.

1st Race, The Victoria and Naval Purse. Value, \$50; entrance fee, \$2 50, added. This race was won by Mr Thomas Harris' c. g. Hereford, who came in an easy winner. Distance, two miles; single heat.

2d Race. City Plate. Value, \$40; entrance fee, \$2 50 added; mile heats. Won by Howard's Old George, led by Gerow's Royal Charlie, who each time bolted the three-quarter hurdle, thereby losing the race.

3d Race. Consolation Stakes. Value, \$20; \$1 post entry added. The horses entered were Mr Green's Jim; Mr Golden's Jim; Mr Brook's Paddy; Mr Rossiter's Kootenay John; Mr Bartholomew's Balley; and Mr Bartholomew's Napoleon. The race was won by Mr Green's Jim—an easy victory. It is due to Mr Bartholomew to state that he did not enter his horses as competitors for the prize, but, by general request, in order to contribute to the day's sport.

The riding generally was good—some of the amateur riders would gain credit on any turf. The accidents of the day were slight; three riders only came to grief in consequence of their horses failing to clear the hurdles.

CORONER'S INQUEST—Mr Pemberton yesterday held an inquest over the remains of Wm. Thompson, a first-class petty officer belonging to H.M.S. Zealous, who lost his life under the following circumstances: The deceased left the Rock Bay House at 9½ o'clock on Tuesday night for Victoria, in company with two messmates. After reaching Rock Bay bridge he walked a few feet upon it and then, suddenly darting from the side of his friends, leaped through the railing into the water. His comrades procured a light and made search for him, and soon discovered him lying on the bottom in three feet of water. He was taken out, and upon examination it was ascertained that life was extinct. From the appearance of the body it was evident that deceased had fallen headforemost upon the boulders in the bay and fractured his skull. A verdict in accordance with the evidence was returned. Deceased was an Englishman, aged about 40 years, and leaves a wife and one child in England. Had he served one year longer he would have been entitled to a pension. The remains will be interred to-day.

ABSTRACT OF Rain Register, kept on board H.M.S. Zealous, during November, 1867. In England the month of November is generally one of the wettest of the twelve. In Dr Forbes' Prize Essay we observe that in 1861, whilst the total rainfall was 60·455 inches, November's share was 11·72! But this was at New Westminster, where the rainfall is always greater than on th' Island.
Total fall at Admiral's house 2·68 inches.
 " in Dock yard 2·75 "No. of rainy days—i.e., those on which more than 0·25 of an inch have fallen 3
No. of showery days—e.g., those on which less than 0·25 of an inch have fallen 15
Days without rain 12

From the 13.h to the 16th E-qualmat harbor was enveloped in a thick fog.

In the abstract which appeared in our paper last month, a mistake was made by entering the thermometer mean as 0·54 instead of 5·40.

FALL OF THE CIRCUS TENT.—Yesterday afternoon, at 2 o'clock, the tent of the Circus was blown down by the severe southwest. A young man connected with the Circus, who had climbed the pole for the purpose of fastening a guy-rope, fell with the canvas to the ground, and was slightly injured in the back. The damage to the establishment will not exceed five dollars. In consequence of the high wind, the performance advertised for yesterday has been postponed.

CARIBBOO—The *Examiner* says there is little news from Caribbo, but that little is good. A back channel has been struck on Keithley Creek and a lead found which prospects one dollar to the pan! The roads are good and Nelson, Beedy & Co. are rushing in flour. They are putting six teams on the road between Soda and William Creeks.

We are requested by the proprietor of the French Hotel to state that no suspicion attaches to him in connection with the late Major Humphreys' missing property; that his premises were not searched, and that the official administrator, Mr Woods, and the solicitor to the estate, Mr Copland, have exonerated both him and his employees.

This prosy creature who edits the *Columbian* has already published a "leader" twelve columns and a half in length on the Capital question and announces a "continuation" of the same subject!! The gods may have pity on his poor subscribers, but it is evident that Mr Wobson has none!

GOING TO NANAIMO—We learn that the good people of Coalbrook be gratified by a visit of the Circus troupe, Mr Bartholomew having chartered the steamer Fly to take the establishment there. We bespeak for the Circus a hearty support. It is in every respect worthy of it.

THE Enterprise returned from Frasermouth at 4¼ o'clock yesterday afternoon, bringing 40 passengers, among whom were Messrs J. K. Suter, Leigh Harnot, Dr O'Grady and U. Nelson. Rough weather was encountered on the trip.

It is stated that a steamer is being built in England which will be propelled without paddles, screw or coils. In other words it will be a steamship fitted with hydraulic propellers, using petroleum gas as a fuel. When we see this we may as well sit down and draw a long breath.

THE EXQUISITE DRESSES, Flowers, Wreaths and Fancy Goods, suitable for evening wear, to be seen this week in the windows of the London House, Government street, remind one by their beauty of Regent street or Broadway. A great part of these goods were received from Europe by last Express, and are of precisely the same style as now being worn in Paris and London.

THE ECONOMY OF HEALTH—This busy nation of Americans have 12,000,000 working people, whose services may be estimated at \$2 a day, and their annual loss by sickness at an average of ten days each in the year. This gives a total loss of \$240,000 000 a sum three times as large as the whole cost of the General Government, including the Army, Navy, Post Offices, Legislators, Foreign Ministers and all. The amount weighs over six hundred tons in pure gold. A large proportion of this costly suffering might be averted by attention to diet, cleanliness, and above all, by the proper use of the right remedy in season. When a 25 cent box of Ayer's Pills will avert an attack of illness which it would take several days to recover from, or a dollar bottle of Ayer's Sarsaparilla will expel a lurking disorder that would bring the sufferer to his back for weeks or months, does it take any figures to show the good economy of the investment? When Fever and Ague is rankling in your veins and shaking your life out of you, is it worth the dollar it costs for his ACUR CURE to have the villainous disorder expelled, which it does surely and quickly? When you have taken a cold it is prudent to wait until it has settled on the lungs, when days or weeks or months must be spent in trying to cure it, even if it can be cured at all, or is it cheaper to take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, costing a few shillings, and remove the trouble before it is serious? It takes no wisdom to decide.

Heywood's New Sugar-Cured Hams and Breakfast Bacon.

HEYWOOD'S PORK SAUSAGE.

ELIXIR OF LIFE—Mr Heywood, of the Yorkshire Market, has commenced for the season to make his celebrated Pork Sausage, manufactured from the very best of Island fed Pork—clean and pure as the snow that ell on Diana's lap—Oh, get out! Everybody buys them, because they are good. Now mind, be sure and make no mistake; it is in the fire-proof Brick Store, next door to the Old Original Coffee Stand.

MARTIN LUTHER once thought he saw the devil in his chamber, and threw an inkstand at his head. Had they had in those days AYER'S PILLS to exorcise all the devils that come from a disordered stomach, his laughable fright would not have become a matter of history.

LONDON HOUSE.—J. H. Turner & Co have received fine Cloths, consisting of Beavers, West of England Broad and Doeskins, Tweeds, Witoyra, Kerseys, etc., and a full assortment of Hosiery of the best make of Balbriggan, together with a large stock of new goods for Fall and Winter Trade.

If you wish the very best CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS, you must call on BRADLEY & RULOFSON, 429 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

FRED PAYNE has removed his Cheap Shaving Shop to the opposite side of Johnson street, just above the Miner's Saloon.

Auction Sales.

J. P. Davies & Co

AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS. Salesroom Fireproof Stone Building, Wharf Street near Yates.

Cash advances made on Consignments.

NOTICE.

In connection with our Real Estate business, we have had made, by competent Surveyors, two large Maps, each 6 feet square, of the City of Victoria together with the Suburban Property, &c., &c.; also, a large Map of Esquimalt and the surrounding Property.

SATURDAY

J. P. Davies & Co.

Will sell by Auction, at

Cattle Sale Yard,

FORT STREET

Saturday, Dec. 7th,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

1 Yoke Work Cattle

1 superior Milch Cow, in first class condition

2 Horses, &c., &c.

J. P. DAVIES,
Auctioneer.

In re Estate of Wilson & Murray.

PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE ABOVE

Estate are requested to settle their accounts without delay. All accounts outstanding on the 5th proximo will be placed in the hands of a solicitor for collection.

M. T. JOHNSON,
J. A. McGUIRE,
WM. WILSON, } Assignees.

Victoria, V. I., B.C., 14th November, 1867.

LONDON MARKET

Reynolds & Botterell,
Corner Yates & Douglas Streets,

ISLAND FED MEAT

Of the Finest Description, from their own Ranch.

Families and Shipping Orders promptly attended to.

Contracts entered into for the supplies of bread & Ships on favourable terms, and delivered carriage free.

FINDLAY & DURHAM,
IMPORTERS
AND
General Commission Merchants
Wharf Street, Victoria, V.I.

LONDON OFFICE—31 Great Saint Helens street,
BISHOPSGATE wall gate

Auction Sales.

**FRUIT TREES BY
AUCTION.**

P. M. BACKUS
WILL SELL,
THIS DAY,
Thursday, Dec. 5th,
AT TWELVE O'CLOCK, NOON,
On Michigan street,
(Four doors west from Mr Trounce's),
ABOUT
Fifty Fruit Trees,
ALL BEARING FRUIT
do3

In the Supreme Court of Civil Justice of
Vancouver Island, B.C.
IN CHANCERY.

Mason and Assignee of Balls *vs* Jus
Rowland and others.

Pursuant to an order of the Chief
Justice Needham, made in the
above cause,

WILL BE SOLD,

BY AUCTION.

BY

P. M. BACKUS
AT SALESROOM
Wharf Street,
On Thursday, Dec 12
AT 12 O'CLOCK, M,

The fee simple of Town Lot No. 101, having a frontage of feet on Rae street, with feet in depth, and also the substantial Brick Buildings thereon, consisting of two Dwelling Houses, each containing 8 rooms. On the basement there are parlors, sitting-rooms, kitchen and sculleries, and on the upper story four bedrooms in each house. wash sinks and other necessary offices are attached; and also a cistern for receiving rain water and for distribution, and a well of good spring water in the yard.

The houses were built at considerable expense, and are well finished, being brick partitions dividing the principal rooms, are all of which hard finished.

The premises may be viewed on application to Mr Baker, in charge thereon, and the conditions of sale and other particulars known on application to the Plaintiff's Solicitor in the cause,

ROBERT BISHOP,
no28 Bastion street, Victoria.

Preliminary Notice.

Christmas Presents !

P. M. Backus will sell, on **TUESDAY**, the 17th December, at 11 o'clock, at his Salesroom, Wharf street, Annuals, Souvenirs, Toys, Jewelry, Fine English Watches, Silks in great variety and beautiful patterns, Cambric and Silk Handkerchiefs, &c., &c. no29

BEAUTIFUL

FANCY GLASSWARE

Parian Butter Stands
Jugs, Sugars, Creams, Salts, Dishes
Elegant Vases
Cut Glass Tumblers, Wines
China Vases
Opal Vases
Stands, Flint pressed?
Piano Candlesticks, Topaz ditto
Colored Gilt Blue Jugs,
Green, Cornelia and Rose Piano Candlesticks
Oval Dishes, Round Dishes
Plate
Poplas, Balfour and Kingsley Vases
Glass Marbles
Smoke Shades
Parian Butter and Kettle Stands
Club Butter Stands
Mustard and Toilet Bottles
Flower Pots
Two Elegant Busts and Marble
Pedestals of Robert Burns.

no29. The Goods will be ready for exhibition on the 14th inst.

no29. Ladies are invited to inspect the Goods. do4

Auction Sales
P. M. BACKUS—Continued.

Real Estate

Mortgagee's Sale

P. M. BACKUS

Has been instructed to sell

AT: SALESROOM

Wharf Street,

Tuesday, Dec. 17th,

AT 12 O'CLOCK, NOON,

The following Property:

THE LEASE OF

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground situate in the town of Victoria, being a portion of Town Lot Number One Hundred and Sixty-four [164], and commencing at the southeast corner of Government and Yates streets, and from thence running south and fronting thirty-seven feet on Government street; thence east seventy-seven feet; thence north thirty-seven feet to Yates street; and thence west seventy-seven feet along the side of Yates street to the place of beginning, with the buildings and erections now thereon.

☞ Terms and particulars will be given on the day of sale. no26

Bank of British Columbia.

(INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.)

CAPITAL £500,000, in 25,000 SHARES OF £20 EACH,

WITH POWER TO INCREASE.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

T. W. L. MacKean, Esq., Chairman.
Robert Gillespie, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
James Anderson, Esq., Duncan James Kay, Esq.,
Eden Corrie, Esq., Henry McHenry, Esq.
Lewis Fraser, Esq., Martin Ridley Smith, Esq.

GENERAL MANAGER.

HENRY E. RANSOM, Esq.
BANKERS.
Messrs. SMITH, PAYNE & SMITH.

AGENTS.

IN ENGLAND.
National Provincial Bank of England.
North and South Wales Bank, Liverpool.

IN SCOTLAND.
British Linen Company Bank.

IN IRELAND.
Union Bank of Ireland.

IN CANADA.
Bank of Montreal.

IN NEW YORK.
Messrs. R. Bell and F. Gundry.

IN SOUTH AMERICA.
London Bank of Mexico and South American.

The Bank grants Letters of Credit on its Branches at San Francisco, in California; Portland in Oregon; and Victoria, in British Columbia; and similar credits are granted by the British Linen Company, the Union Bank of Ireland, the North and South Wales Bank in Liverpool, and the Bank of Liverpool.

The Bank also purchases or forwards for collection Drafts on the above Colonies.

Money is received by the Bank on deposit for fixed periods, of not less than a Twelve-month, at five per cent interest, payable quarterly. The terms for other periods can be ascertained on application to the Bank.

Statement of Liabilities and Assets at Head Office and Branches, 30th June, 1867.

LIABILITIES.	
	£ s. d.
Capital paid-up.....	298 000 0
Reserve Fund.....	20 000 0
Deposits, Notes in Circulation, Bills Payable and other Liabilities.....	148 366 18 11
Balance of Profit and Loss on 30th June, 1867.....	7 534 15 7
	£473,901 14 6

ASSETS.	
	£ s. d.
Specie and Bullion in hand, and Cash at Bankers.....	165,924 1 10
Bills Discounted, Bills Receivable, Government and other Securities.....	360,312 16 3
Bank Premises, Furniture and other Property.....	7,664 16 5
	£473,901 14 6

T. W. L. MACKEAN, Chairman.
ROBERT GILLESPIE, Esq., Deputy Chairman.
MARTIN R. SMITH, Director.
HENRY E. RANSOM, General Manager.
A. M. FOHNSYTH, Accountant.

We have examined the foregoing Accounts with the Books and Vouchers at the Head Office, and compared the same with the Balance Sheets from the Branches, and find the same to be correct.

R. P. WEBBER, } Auditors.
J. R. ROBERTSON, }

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT.

30th June, 1867

£ s. d.	By Balance of Profit & Loss Account, brought from 31st December, 1866.....	£ s. d.
To Amount appropriated to meet balance and doubtful debts as per Constitution of last General Meeting.....	2,934 0 0	
To Charge to 30th June, 1867, including Rent, Taxes, Salaries, and other expensed at Head Office and Branches.....	7,574 3 10	
To Directors' Fees.....	475 0 0	
To Balance of Profit to 30th June, 1867.....	7,534 15 7	
	£18,517 19 5	
Proposed Appropriation, viz: Dividend at 4 per cent per annum.....	6,960 0 0	
To be carried forward.....	1,574 15 7	
	£7,534 15 7	
	Balance.....	7,534 15 7

T. W. L. MACKEAN, Chairman.
ROBERT GILLESPIE, Esq., Deputy-Chairman.
MARTIN R. SMITH, Director.
R. P. WEBBER, } Auditors.
J. R. ROBERTSON, }

HENRY E. RANSOM, General Manager.
A. M. FOHNSYTH, Accountant. no28 1ml&w

MERCADO & SEULLY,

SAN FRANCISCO,

ARE THE SOLE MANUFACTURERS AND PROPRIETORS of the well known BAINSEVAIN WINE BOTTLES.

Beware of counterfeits. Observe the Yellow Label, and see that the name of Mercado & Seully is on the Wrapper, Stamp and Label.

For sale by all the principal Wine and Spirit Merchants throughout the State. no8 1w2p

ROYAL HOSPITAL.

SUBSCRIBERS AND DONORS TO THE above Institution are hereby respectfully informed that their Annual Subscriptions and Donations are now due.

E. CRIGGLE,
Hon. Secretary.

no15

Insurance.

Northern Assurance Co
FOR
FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCE.
—
ESTABLISHED 1836.
—
INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT.
—
CAPITAL, \$10,000,000,
Fully subscribed by upwards of 700 Shareholders, whose
personal liability is unlimited.
—
VESTED FUNDS, \$3,000,000
—
FIRE DEPARTMENT.
This Company grant Insurances against Fire on every
description of property,
LIFE DEPARTMENT
This Institution accepts proposals at the rates of premium applicable to Europe, which on examination will be found more advantageous than those charged by other Offices having agencies here. It unites all the advantages of a Mutual Association with the security of a Proprietary Company. The Life Insurance Branch is conducted by the Proprietors of the Company for a charge 10 per cent. on the premiums, without any other deduction whatever. Thus the assured enjoy the profit without the liability of the Mutual System.
The participation in profits has been most liberal. Should claims arise before the next investigation, prospective bonus of nearly 1½ per cent. is allotted

JANION, GREEN & RHODES,
cc18 -3m AGENTS.

Phoenix Fire Assurance
COMPANY.
LOMBARD STREET AND CHARING CROSS
LONDON.
Established 1782.
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NOTICE.

MR AUGUSTE PUJOL REGRES T
to inform the public that he has taken possession
of the Mouquetaire Saloon, situate at the corner of Johns
and Mosquitoe streets, in the City of Victoria, for an
unlimited term, and the owner of the same, the
Dated this 27th day of November, 1867. A. PUJOL

NOTICE.

ALL ACCOUNTS DUE TO THE JAT
firm of JOHN BANKS & Co., of Yates street, must
be paid, before the Fifth of December instant, to the
designated, or they will be placed in the hands of
Solicitor for collection.
no21 tl* E HARRISON.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED Daily
Higgins, Long & Co., at their Office
Government Street, Victoria, V. I.